

OBSERVATION REGARDING THE CLINICO-ETIOLOGICAL PROFILE OF ACUTE VIRAL HEPATITIS IN CHILDREN

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The study is based on a comparative analyse of 2 groups of ill children with acute viral hepatitis hospitalised in Clinical Hospital of Infectious

Diseases Timișoara between 1990-1993. In the first group of 200 cases the etiology was specified by testing only AgHBs and anti HBs. In the second group of 41 cases were tested all usually markers of acute viral hepatitis: AgHBs, anti HBs, IgM anti HBc, IgG anti HBc, AgHBe, anti HBe, IgM anti D, IgG anti D, anti HCV. In this study we analysed the association between the viral hepatitis markers and the clinico-evolutive forms of acute viral hepatitis. We concluded that using all the hepatitis B markers for acute viral hepatitis the incidence of acute viral B hepatitis found by us increased from 7,7% in the first group to 15% in the second.